



## 7. ADVANCED CONFIGURATION

Advanced Configuration gives access to all possible parameters; however, the device hides parameters that are irrelevant to your exact product specification & configuration.

### Advanced Configuration Navigation

Enter by pressing **↩** & **↵**. Press **⬅** or **➡** to navigate to the required menu, then press **↩** to enter.

Press **↩** & **⬅** to exit up 1 level. Depending upon which menu you enter it may be necessary to exit 2 or 3 levels for Operator Mode.

### Advanced Configuration main menu

<b>Advanced Lock</b>	Enter code & press <b>↩</b>	Default <b>20</b>
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Menus	Description
<b>Input</b>	Configure the process input.
<b>User Calibration</b>	Single or two-point calibration adjustments for the process input.
<b>Outputs</b>	Configuration parameters for the outputs and alarms.
<b>Communication</b>	Modbus communications settings.
<b>Display</b>	Lock codes and Factory Default.
<b>Information</b>	View serial number & manufacturing details.

### Input

Parameter	Description	Default Value
<b>Input Type</b>	See Input Type table in SETUP (& FIRST POWER UP).	<b>K Thermocouple</b>
<b>Units</b>	Display °C or °F (hidden when a linear input is used)	<b>°C</b>
<b>Decimal Place</b>	<b>0000</b>	<b>0000</b>
	<b>000.0</b>	
	<b>00.00</b> <b>0.000</b>	
<b>Scale Range Maximum</b>	Maximum for application working range	Max allowed for Input Type.
<b>Scale Range Minimum</b>	Minimum for application working range	Min allowed for Input Type.
<b>Filter Time</b>	<b>OFF</b> or <b>0.5</b> to <b>100.0</b> seconds in <b>0.5</b> increments	<b>2.0</b>
<b>CJC Enable</b>	<b>Enable</b> Enables the internal thermocouple CJC (Cold Junction Compensation).	<b>Enable</b>
	<b>Disable</b> Disables the internal CJC. External compensation must be provided for thermocouples.	

### User Calibration

Single-point offset or two-point calibration adjustment for process input. Can be used together, if required.

Parameter	Description	Default Value
<b>Offset</b>	Shifts the input value up or down by a single offset amount across the entire range.	<b>0</b>
<b>Low Point</b>	Enter value at which the low point error was measured.	Lower Limit
<b>Low Offset</b>	Enter equal, but opposite offset value to the observed low point error.	<b>0</b>
<b>High Point</b>	Enter value at which the high point error was measured.	Upper Limit
<b>High Offset</b>	Enter an equal, but opposite offset value to the observed high point error.	<b>0</b>

### Outputs

Parameter	Description	Default Value
<b>&gt;Limit Output</b>		
<b>Type</b>	<b>High</b> = Limit output trips when PV over Limit value. (PV>Limit Value). <b>Low</b> = Limit output trips when PV under Limit value. (PV<Limit value).	<b>High</b>
<b>Value</b>	The exceed value at which the Limit output will trip. Variable within the Scaled Range set in Input.	<b>-240</b>
<b>Output Latching</b>	<b>OFF</b> – Limit Output doesn't latch <b>ON</b> - Limit Output latches & needs to be cleared.	<b>ON</b>
<b>Startup latch</b>	<b>Reset Latch</b> <b>Always Latch</b> <b>Last Latch</b>	<b>Last Latch</b>
<b>&gt;Alarm 1</b>		
<b>Type</b>	<b>None</b> <b>PV High</b> <b>PV Low</b> <b>Deviation</b> <b>Annunciator</b>	<b>PV High</b>

Parameter	Description	Default Value
<b>Value</b>	Range minimum to range maximum, or OFF (maximum +1). <b>OFF</b> disables alarm. Default <b>PV High</b> alarm type.	<b>1373</b>
<b>Hysteresis</b>	<b>0</b> to full span.	<b>1</b>
<b>Action</b>	<b>Direct</b> - Output active when alarm is active. <b>Reverse</b> - Output active when alarm is not active.	<b>Direct</b>
<b>Output Latching</b>	<b>OFF</b> - Alarm doesn't latch <b>ON</b> - Alarm latches & needs to be cleared. * Default when <b>Annunciator</b> is <b>ON</b> .	<b>OFF *</b>
<b>Startup latch</b>	<b>Reset Latch</b> <b>Always Latch</b> <b>Last Latch</b>	<b>Last Latch</b>
<b>&gt;Alarm 2</b> Alarm 2 visible if Output 3 is <b>Relay</b> or <b>SSR Drive</b> .		
<b>Type</b>		
<b>Value</b>	Same options as Alarm 1.	<b>PV Low</b>
<b>Hysteresis</b>		<b>-240</b>
<b>Action</b>		<b>Off</b>
<b>Output Latching</b>		<b>Direct</b>
<b>Startup latch</b>		<b>OFF</b>
<b>Startup latch</b>	<b>Reset Latch</b> <b>Always Latch</b> <b>Last Latch</b>	<b>Last Latch</b>
<b>&gt;PV Retrans</b> PV Retrans parameters only visible if Output 3 is <b>Linear</b> .		
<b>Output type</b>	<b>0-10V</b> <b>0-5V</b> <b>2-10V</b> <b>0-20mA</b> <b>4-20mA</b> <b>1-5V</b>	<b>0-10V</b>
<b>Scale Range Maximum</b>	Display value for maximum output, -1999 to 9999	Input type Max
<b>Scale Range Minimum</b>	Display value for minimum output, -1999 to 9999	Input type Min
<b>&gt;Alarm Options</b>		
<b>&gt; Alm Options</b>		
<b>Start-up Inhibit</b>	Inhibit Alarms on Start up. <b>None</b> <b>Alarm 1</b> <b>Alarm 2</b> <b>Alarm 1 &amp; 2</b>	<b>None</b>
<b>&gt; Alm Options</b>		
<b>Sensor Break</b>	<b>OFF</b> or <b>ON</b> <b>ON</b> - triggers Alarm outputs when sensor break is detected.	<b>ON</b>

### Communications

Only shown when RS485 option is fitted.

Parameter Name	Description	Default Value
<b>Unit Address</b>	Modbus address from 1 to 255	<b>1</b>
<b>Baud Rate</b>	Coms data rate in kbps <b>1200, 2400, 4800, 9600, 19200 &amp; 38400.</b>	<b>9600</b>
<b>Parity</b>	Parity checking: <b>Odd, Even</b> or <b>None</b>	<b>None</b>

### Display

Lock codes & Factory Defaults.

Parameter Name	Description	Default Value
<b>Setup Unlock Code</b>	View & adjust Setup lock code. From 1 to <b>9999</b> or <b>Off</b> for no lock code.	<b>10</b>
<b>Advanced Unlock Code</b>	View & adjust Advanced lock code. From 1 to <b>9999</b> or <b>Off</b> for no lock code.	<b>20</b>
<b>Screen Timeout</b>	Screensaver time <b>5, 15</b> or <b>30</b> mins.	<b>5</b>
<b>Selected language</b>	Display language, 2 available – <b>English</b> plus either <b>German</b> or <b>French</b> .	<b>English</b>
<b>Reset to Defaults</b>	Reset parameters back to factory defaults. To clear press <b>↩</b> then <b>↵</b> to select <b>Yes</b> . Press <b>↩</b> to accept.	

### Information (Read-Only)

Parameter Name	Description
<b>PRL</b>	The hardware/software revision level.
<b>DOM</b>	Date of manufacture ( <i>mmyy</i> ).
<b>FW Version</b>	The firmware version number & code type.
<b>FW Type</b>	
<b>Serial</b>	Instrument serial number.
<b>Out1</b> <b>Out2</b> <b>Out3</b>	<b>Relay</b> <b>SSR</b> (SSR driver) or <b>Relay</b> . <b>None, SSR</b> (SSR driver), <b>Relay</b> or <b>Linear</b> .
<b>Comm</b> <b>DI</b>	Comms option - <b>Fitted</b> or <b>None</b> . Digital Input options – <b>Iso</b> (isolated) or <b>NonIs</b> (non-isolated)

### What is a Limiter / Limit Controller?

A protective device that will shut down a process at a preset Exceed Condition, in order to prevent possible damage to equipment or products. A 'fail-safe' latching relay is used, which cannot be reset by the operator until the process is back in a safe condition. This signal may be applied from the instrument keypad, digital input or command via Serial Communication. Limit controllers work independently of the normal process controller. Limit Controllers have specific approvals for safety critical applications. They are recommended for any process that could potentially become hazardous under fault conditions.

### What does Exceed Condition mean?

A state that occurs when the Process Variable exceeds the Limit Setpoint value. E.g. if the PV is above the Limit SP when set for high limit action, or below the Limit SP for low limit action. The Limit Controller can be used to shut down the process when this condition occurs, and cannot be reset until the Exceed Condition has passed.

### What does 'Latching' mean?

An output that once it becomes active requires a reset signal before it will deactivate. This output is available on Limit controllers and indicator alarms. To successfully deactivate a latched output, the alarm or limit condition that caused the relay to become active must first be removed, then a reset signal can be applied. This signal may be applied from the instrument keypad, Digital Input or command via Serial Communication.

### What is the PV Retransmit Output?

A linear DC Voltage or mA output signal proportional to the Process Variable (e.g. process temperature), for use by external devices, such as a Data Recorder or PLC. This output can be scaled to transmit any portion of the input, but it is normally scaled so the reading matches on the device receiving the signal.

### What is an Annunciator?

A special type of alarm output that is linked to a Limit Controller's main Limit Output. An Annunciator output will activate when an Exceed condition occurs, and will remain active until a reset instruction is received, or the Exceed condition has passed. Unlike the Limit Output, an Annunciator can be reset even if the Exceed condition is present.

Please refer to the full manual for further information on any topic.